

MICHIGAN NEWS.

Hon. Edward Breitung Passes Away.

Hon. Edward Breitung died on the 4th inst., at his winter residence in Eastman, Ga., of pneumonia. His death has cast a gloom over the entire state, as he was universally respected by all. To every benevolent and religious purpose he most lavishly contributed. His vast wealth was not hoarded up, but, on the contrary, all charitable purposes were most liberally remembered by him. To the poor man particularly in Marquette county will he be missed. No deserving person ever went from his door empty handed. Mr. Breitung was a pioneer of the 11th district, having lived there upwards of twenty years. To him, perhaps, is due in a great measure the present development of the vast iron industries of that district. By shrewd management, combined with keen business ability, Mr. Breitung has accumulated a vast fortune, estimated at from \$5,000,000 to \$7,000,000, all of which he made out of iron lands. He represented the Eleventh District in Congress in the years 1883 and 1884. Mr. Breitung was born in Meinenen, Germany, and was 56 years of age. He leaves a widow and one child, a son about 16 years of age.

STATE ITEMS.

Midland wants a sash and door factory. There are 802 prisoners in the Jackson prison.

A new carriage factory is being erected at Lansing.

A number of Finns and Italians have recently come to Negaunee.

A company of Buffalo capitalists is boring for oil near Belleville.

The new town of Perrin has raised a \$700 bonus for a grain elevator.

Muskegon will have free delivery in a few weeks, with about six carriers.

A paper mill has been opened at Dundee with a capacity of five tons a day.

The oval wood dish factory at Mancelona burned on the 2d inst. Loss \$25,000.

M. Cagwood was thrown from a load of wood near Galesburg, and instantly killed.

The Lake Superior iron company has raised the wages of employees 15 per cent.

The Michigan & Ohio railroad was delivered to its new purchasers on the 1st inst.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Page of Pontiac celebrated their golden wedding on the 3d inst.

J. T. Jacobs of Linden has a Holstein cow that gives 20 pounds of milk to a milking.

J. D. Crippen, a well-known citizen of Coldwater, committed suicide by taking morphine.

The Twenty-Sixth Michigan Veterans will hold a reunion in Muskegon on the 6th of April.

H. Martin has been held for trial for stabbing L. Ferguson in Benton Harbor a few days ago.

Isenator Palmer has gone to Cuba for a few weeks. He will afterwards join his wife in Europe.

Mrs. Reuben Whitehead, a resident of Coldwater since 1835, has joined the "silent majority."

George W. Proper of Hillsdale, recently sold 160 sheep, the average weight being 137 pounds.

Mrs. Ella Haynes of Stanton, aged 27, committed suicide on the 4th inst., by taking laudanum.

Prockley of Muskegon has invested \$500 in Secretary Manning's new book in New York.

A new Japanese student arrived at the agricultural college a few days ago. His name is S. O. Kami.

W. H. Little of Richland, Kalamazoo county, recently sold 50 hogs weighing over 40 pounds each.

Cedar Spring has raised its \$15,000, and Trenton and Bailey their \$10,000 each for the T. S. & M. railroad.

Epizootic is prevailing to an alarming extent in the lumber woods. A number of valuable horses have died.

The cattle, horses and swine of the Newaygo county dairy company have been seized in the township of Grant.

Battle Creek's \$100,000 water bonds have been sold to the Wayne county savings bank at 4 1/2 per cent interest.

The natural gas from the wells on the Barre farm near Port Huron, is to be transported into the city for use as fuel.

August Schmidt was run over by a logging train near Luther. He was badly injured, and lived but a few moments.

James Husted was struck on the head by a falling timber at Pratt & Richard's camp near Clare and died the next day.

There is a great excitement in Marquette over the discovery of a rich body of hematite ore within the city limits.

John MacGaw of Alpena recently killed a pig only a year and a half old that weighed 561 pounds dressed.

Walter K. Woodruff of Pennfield, died a year of disease contracted while a den Gate; by prison during the war.

Edna Sherwood manufacturer Roses, Tonci and Rapids was damaged by fire on the 1st inst.

Shall Marry; Dreaming Cottage Clock; Across the Marshall has in Bachelor's Hall; Ruth and I; A Happy Year Ago; Jennie; A train in chard; The Old Barn Gate; Jack's; Polly; Whisper in the Twilight.

A very fine collection of real vocal gems, gotten up in very handsome style. Published in the usual way and, bought at a music store, these 32 pieces would cost you \$11.20. We bought a job lot of this music at a Great Sacrifice, and as the holidays are past, we desire to close out our stock at once. We send you the entire collection well wrapped and postpaid for only 40 cts. Send immediately.

The EMPIRE NEWS CO. SYRACUSE, N.Y.

Almost miraculous are some of the cures accomplished by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In the case of R. L. King, Richmond, Va., who suffered for 47 years with an aggravated form of scrofula, Ayer's Sarsaparilla effected astonishing results.

N. Y., \$10 per bushel for barley, and have already raked in \$50,000 in that county.

Mrs. Ed. Bartholomew of Whitehall has a Jersey cow, from the product of which, from March 23, 1890, to Jan. 16, 1891, she made 217 1/2 pounds of choice butter.

President Cleveland has refused to sign the bill appropriating \$100,000 for a public building at East Saginaw. The bill passed both houses without any trouble.

Mrs. Ruth Harmon of Jackson, grandmother of Mrs. President Cleveland, is reported a little improved, although but little hopes are entertained of her recovery.

The discovery has been made that one of the leading butchers in Jackson has for some time been fattening his hogs on dead horses. The board of health will investigate.

Mrs. Hiram T. Hendricks of Hagar, Berrien county, died very suddenly while on a visit to a Benton Harbor friend. She was ill only twenty minutes. Her age was 73.

Charles Slater was killed by a falling tree in a lumber camp near Alpena the other day. He was from Marysville, St. Clair county, where his remains were taken for burial.

The Bronson young men who have gone into the oil well enterprise mean business. They have sold 1,000 of the 2,000 shares of stock and work on the well will commence at once.

Johnny Mills of Calumet was employed in a grist-mill at that place. His clothing caught in the machinery the other day, and before he could be extricated he was literally torn to pieces.

Ex-Gov. Begole presented a bill at the last meeting of the board of state auditors for \$1,000 attorney's fees. They were incurred when the governor tried to oust Dr. Wilson of the deaf and dumb asylum.

Knight of Labor are considering a plan to build a large manufacturing establishment at Lapeer, to make carriages, sleighs and farm implements. About one-half the necessary capital has been secured.

The present congress has appropriated \$1,500,000 for Michigan river and harbor improvements, and Congressmen Carleton and Moffatt congratulate themselves that they have done good work for the state in securing this liberal sum.

Dr. Wm. B. Sprague of Coldwater celebrated his 90th birthday on the 28th ult. He has been a resident of Coldwater for 52 years, and boasts of the fact that he has lived under the administration of every president of the United States.

Frances E. Willard, president of the national W. C. T. U., has issued an address calling on all local unions in the country to observe Tuesday, March 29, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., as a day of special prayer for the temperance cause in Michigan.

Devillo Goodrich, a well known citizen of Flint, suicided on the 1st inst. For some time he has been of unsound mind, and the recent prosecution of several Bohemian oat cases in which he was interested added greatly to his mental disturbance.

A suit has been commenced against the Michigan Central railroad company by Frank Turck of Bay City, claiming damage because he and his wife were put off a train after being carried past a station between East Saginaw and Vassar, for which they had bought tickets.

Thirteen women were arraigned in the United States court in Grand Rapids the other morning, charged with violating the liquor law in selling drinks to their visitors. Most of them pleaded guilty, and the court imposed the usual penalty. One of them was over 70 years old.

A project is on foot among mill-owners to start a large box factory in Alpena the coming summer, to which they will furnish their cut lumber instead of shipping as heretofore. The mill will have a capacity of about 6,000,000 a year, and will run summer and winter.

The annual meeting of the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad company was held in Grand Rapids on the 2d inst., and the old board of directors and officers were re-elected. The only change was the choice of H. H. Houston of Philadelphia to succeed R. B. Potter, deceased.

John Robertson of Keene, Iowa county, estimates that it would cost \$110 to fit the ground, seed and secure 10 acres of wheat, counting the interest on the value of the land at 6 per cent. Estimating the crop at 25 bushels per acre, which, taking the country through, is a large one, it would give profit of about \$75.

Maxwell Longwith of Lake county, pleaded guilty in the United States court in Grand Rapids to retailing liquor without having paid the special tax and was fined \$150 dollars or to be confined in the Lake county jail not to exceed nine months. Wallace Hayes and Wm. H. Thompson both pleaded not guilty to the same charge and will have a trial.

The will of John S. Parker of Grant township, St. Clair county, was offered for probate, and it transpired that his son James had disposed of his share of the estate already, or was about to do so. To prevent this son from obtaining his share the mother swore that he was not the son of her husband, but her son by a neighbor, and so was not entitled to his portion of the estate.

The Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon shops at Marquette opened on the 1st inst. on full time with all the men they could get for the work of preparing for the great ore traffic of the coming season, and the Lake Superior, Cleveland, Barnum, Lake Angeline and all the big mines of Ishpeming advanced wages 15 per cent. Other mines all over the district will have to follow. These are encouraging signs of a boom in the business of the Upper Peninsula coming season.

Lyons, watchman at the capital together with seriously and perhaps fatally designs on the 1st inst., by being crushed under a handcar. The car was instructions, up and crowded to its top. The plaque on the cable which more than the 1. Lyons attempted to every lady ordering up between the closes the address of five a roof of the estate in art matters, to whom ear, and our new catalogue of art goods, he was close extra and without charge, a titian, full 30 inch, gold tinted plaque.

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Mrs. Druse, the Herkimer, N. Y., murderer, was hanged on the 28th ult. Just before the execution she admitted her guilt, gave the details of the revolting crime, and made affidavit declaring that her daughter, who is now serving a life sentence in Onondaga penitentiary for complicity in the crime, is innocent.

Six boys who were walking on the railroad track near Easton, Pa., the other day were instantly killed. The boys had been out hunting muskrats, and were returning home on the track. Meeting a coal train they stepped to the opposite track and were struck by a fast passenger train and instantly killed. The bodies were frightfully mangled.

A new steel boiler at the shaft of the Coal Bluff Mining company at Carbon, Ind., exploded the other morning. A boy named Phillips was killed and Wm. B. Alton, the engineer, seriously injured; also his helper. The boiler thirty feet by forty inches, was thrown eight hundred feet over tree-tops, and when it struck the ground bounded a hundred feet further. The mine buildings were demolished.

W. E. English, son of W. H. English of Indiana, was arrested at New York the other day as he was about to sail for Europe, at the instance of Mrs. Lucy A. Case, of Indianapolis, who charges him with betrayal and breach of promise of marriage. She places damages at \$25,000. English has been released on bail and is endeavoring to compromise with Mrs. Case, who is at the Coleman house in New York city.

A few nights ago a mob of Vancouver men proceeded to a camp of Chinese who were clearing land. They burned the cabins of the Chinese, threw their goods into the fire and roughly handled the Celestials. The police then interfered and the crowd dispersed. Several Chinese laundries in town were set on fire but the flames were extinguished before serious loss occurred. The provincial government has been appealed to to enforce the law.

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IN DIAMONDS.

By Charlotte M. Brooks.

CHAPTER III.

A GOLDEN GIRLHOOD.

Cyril Nairne felt as though the melody had died out of his life forever; his life had been a fair young wife had become a part of his life; it had entered his soul and turned to music there, and now the melody had changed to a minor key; it was more beautiful than ever, but the joyous ring had left it; it was full of pathos and sadness. He laid his wife to rest under the shade of the great tree, and her grave became a shrine and a sanctuary for him. His melodies were that had in them something that reminded one of the wind sweeping over the long grasses, and of the soft fall of the dew by night.

He gave the rest of his life to his art. In life his name was not known to the world that after his death found him famous; the world that erected statues in his honor when he was no longer living to enjoy his fame; they say that the fame which comes after death is sweeter than any earned during life.

In life Cyril Nairne was unknown; people who lived immediately round about him had a good-natured kind of pity for him; he was not of their world, he cared nothing for the things they loved best, those things for which they cared less than nothing to him; they could no more have understood him than they could have heard the music so plain to him in the wind and the river.

He gave the rest of his life to art without any thought of recompense. That he might one day hear these works of his performed as they should be was the only thing he cared for—to make money of them was a thing he never dreamed of.

He worked incessantly, from sunrise until sunset without intermission; he rose often while the stars were shining in the skies. From the house came sounds of music so sweet, subtle, so unearthly that at midnight no one cared to pass near. In the early morning, laborers going to their work paused and wondered whether any human being could produce such sounds, or whether they came from spiritland. Cyril Nairne forgot the world he lived in, he remembered only the world of sounds. He disliked any interruption, and but for his faithful old servant he would have gone without food for days together, just as he would have gone without sleep; when the "Divine Fire," was upon him he forgot both.

"A strange guardian for a baby girl," the old nurse said. His one idea of the child was setting her to music. It was a certain fact that he tried to teach her everything by music. Before the child said her prayers he would play grand old psalm tunes until the little soul seemed to float away on the sweet sounds. If he saw her depressed or tired he would play such enchanting, such inspiring music that it seemed to enter the little feet and the child would dance like an inspired fairy. If she were restless and could not sleep he would play little pathetic airs that lulled her every sense. It was as though he only spoke, only taught, only exchanged ideas with her through music. It was as though music was the natural life of the child; but it made her most unlike other children. She grew like a strange, beautiful bird, differing from other children as the white dove differs from the sparrow tribe.

She had a soul full of beautiful secrets, a mind full of beautiful thoughts, a heart full of beautiful desires; there was nothing commonplace about her. Her father's music, so beautiful and so rare, was to her a series of pictures. As she listened she dreamed, and her dreams took the color and tone of the music.

If it were brilliant and full of martial airs, she would fancy herself a Joan of Arc, the leader of brilliant armies, the conqueror of a thousand foes; wild shouts rang the air, cannons fired and bells rang, while the people proclaimed her queen; the music changed to some soft, sweet air, and she was a black-robed sister, kneeling in a cell; another change to a love ballad so sweet that the birds in the air paused to listen, and she was the beloved of some gay cavalier. So she lived her life of romance and dreams.

Cyril Nairne lived much alone; the only visitor he had was David Anson, the organist of the old church at Inisfall, and they talked little. They played lots of all kinds of instruments, the child listening and filling in her dream pictures, made doubly strong and doubly beautiful by the additional force. David Anson loved the beautiful child with her magnificent eyes. He said little to her, but he never came without bringing her some little present. Her only other friend was the Rector of St. Inisfall, who had neither wife nor child, and loved to see himself in the lovely face of the graceful little girl. The pretty house-maid left when her mistress died; she could not endure the loneliness of the spot, the sense of death, the weird music. She soon went away, and one who had been a faithful servant of Cyril's mother took her place. Martha Grey was one of the old-fashioned servants, one of those rapidly dying out. She was devoted to her master. It was no exaggeration to say that she would have given her life for him, while she worshipped him as the most beautiful and noble of human beings. Education, the strict sense of the word, she had none. Martha taught her to read, and after that she educated her; she read all the old-fashioned books she could find in the library; she knew old poems by heart, while she had never seen a modern novel; she had the most quaint collection of knowledge she knew the most out-of-the-

way things, while she was quite ignorant of the most common matters. Her father taught her music. Her voice was not like her mother's—a clear, ringing soprano—it was a contralto of the richest and most sympathetic kind. She could play the piano, the harp, and the violin, but she did not know one word of French or German. She could sing like an angel, but she was ignorant of the most ordinary affairs of everyday life. Cyril Nairne had a passion for music; the artist soul was transmitted to his daughter, and in her it took the shape of intense love and keen appreciation of the beauties of nature.

She would spend whole days in the woods and on the river. She knew every spot round Inisfall. She knew the haunt of every bird, where the "heron" haunted and the kingfisher bred. She knew the names of every bird, where they built their nests, where they went in summer, and how they wooed their pretty mates. Strange to say the birds were not afraid of her; they looked at her with fearless bright eyes as though she belonged to their race rather than to any other. She knew the name of all the flowers that grew, their colors, their properties, their legends, and they to her were living friends. She would not gather them; let them live out their sweet lives and die when it was time, she said.

She had a strange knowledge of the stars. David Anson was an astronomer of no mean skill, and he taught her all he knew. It was a study she loved, for it gave all scope for the marvelous, and Marguerite Nairne had a natural love for all that was strange and mystical. She grew up without any training, without any constraint. But for the rector she would have had no religious teaching. She was by nature and instinct good and true; she had no vices and few faults; she never told a lie or did a mean action.

There was no constraint or control over her actions. If she liked to go into Inisfall woods for a day to feed the birds and watch them, she did so; if she wanted to spend the whole of a bright morning on the banks of the river, she had not to ask permission; she could do as she would. The wonder was that with all this freedom and liberty she grew up so good, so refined and innocent as the flowers she loved.

Her life was made up of dreams. She talked little. If she asked Cyril Nairne a question he would answer it in such an occupied, absent-minded fashion, it was worse than if she had received no answer; and Martha Grey was so given to the supernatural that when Marguerite asked a question from her the answer generally left her more ignorant. Martha believed in luck and in fairies, in omens and dreams, and everything else most foolish and delightful. She told the child such legends and stories that she grew up almost uncertain where the border lands of truth and fancy met.

Twice—while she grew from child, hood to youth—the old nurse, Mrs. Spar, came to see her. Each time she looked with deepening wonder at the lines in the pink hands. She had the good sense not to say anything to the child about it; but she would go to Martha in the kitchen, and warn her after the most mysterious fashion to take great care of her little mistress; and Martha, who knew the old nurse's reputation for being a wise woman, almost a seer, was much impressed with these warnings.

"I am quite sure myself," she would say, "the child will have an uncommon lot, for she is not like other children."

To which the old nurse would reply, sententiously:

"Perhaps it would be better if she were."

"It was not a natural life," the old woman said. No child came to play with her. She went to no parties—she knew no visitors—she lived with a father who until she was sixteen thought of her always as a little child to be lulled to sleep by the sweetest of melodies; he never realized the fact that she had grown up. That the magnificent contralto voice had gained a fullness, a roundness, and richness that could never belong to the voice of a child, never occurred to him. She was always the little Marguerite whom his dying wife had clasped in her arms as she sung of Paradise.

"Who would not be at rest and free, Where love is never cold?"

Marguerite had grown into one of the loveliest girls ever beheld—of an uncommon type of beauty. She was tall and shapely, slender, now with the loveliest years of girlhood, and giving a promise of rare and magnificent womanhood. Her face was like a flower, sweet, grave, and proud. She had a wide, low brow, round with the fair hair clustered as in the famous head of Clytie, that ideal of feminine beauty. Her brows were clear and delicately arched, dreamy and beautiful, like the royal brows of some young queen. Her eyes were of the loveliest blue, dark brilliant blue, with long lashes lying like fringe on the fair cheeks. She had the fairest bloom blown by the summer winds, dainty and brilliant—a skin such as one seldom sees even in the fair faces of Englishwomen, white as a lily with the lovely pink flush of a rose; the most beautiful mouth, with a dimpled chin—one of the fairest faces ever given to a daughter of Eve.

There was something in the face that struck every one: in repose it was dreamy and thoughtful, but when she was animated and interested a strange lustre came from it. On looking at it, one felt that no common story would fit it, that no common lot would befall the owner of that exquisite face.

It was full of noble imaginings, of grand and noble possibilities, of poetry and romance; but Cyril Nairne, the man who lived in sweet sounds, it was still the face of the little Marguerite.

Until the day she was sixteen there had not been an event in her life, except the one she could not remember—the death of her mother. It often happened that the fairest and most cloudless morn ushers in the most temptu-

ous day—these stations are unmarked by one event preceding a life that was full of strange turns of fortune and strange events.

CHAPTER IV.

A LOVELY WOMAN.

There was great excitement in the pretty town of Inisfall—there was to be a grand concert given at Elmsthorpe, and Cyril Nairne was to play one of his Woodland Overtures. It was called "The Woodland Overture," and was one that he loved best; for he had reproduced the sounds that so few hear. Just as he had heard them, he reproduced them—the ripple of the brook, the swaying of the green boughs, the whispering of the wind amongst the leaves, the songs of the birds, the cooing of the wood-pigeon; and they were so delicately, so daintily rendered, that if the listener sat with closed eyes, he must imagine that he was in the woods. It was a triumph of art. How many days had he sat absorbed in the music of the woods, until it was so impressed upon him that he had reproduced it almost without effort.

The concert was under the distinguished patronage of the Lord Stair, the great man of the county, of the Earl and Countess of Desmond, of Major White, John Stuart, Esq., and Squire Jordan. David Anson was general manager, and it seemed to him the very chance for making his friend known to the world, for drawing attention to the genius he thought unrivaled. He asked Cyril Nairne if he would assist at the concert, and if he would play that beautiful, melodious, and intricate composition.

"Listening to it," said David Anson, "I can see the calm, golden sunshine lying on the green grass, I can hear the birds sing, and the ripple of the leaves. You will give the world a lesson in true music if you will play that."

Cyril Nairne consented.

The concert was given in aid of the Hospital Fund, and was extensively advertised. A great Soprano was coming from London, and she was to sing some beautiful ballads; but the great feature of the evening was "The Woodland Overture," by Cyril Nairne.

"Papa," said Marguerite Nairne, "may I go to hear you play?" and the perplexed genius, who would still consider her as a child, looked to his friend David for counsel and advice under somewhat extraordinary circumstances.

"Certainly, let her go. What can be more natural? She will enjoy it, I am sure."

It was the first time that Marguerite had attended any place of amusement, and her excitement was intense.

The Town Hall of Elmsthorpe—where the concert was to be held, was a building of great magnitude in her simple eyes, that had seen no better. To sit there amongst what seemed to her the very grandest people in the land, to listen to her father's playing, to make one of a crowd—for she had never been in a crowd—was all a source of marvel to her. She thought of nothing for days beforehand. She had no notion of dress—this girl whose exquisite face might have made her a queen—but the simple black silk, the mantle of white cashmere, and the bonnet of white lace that held one white rose, made her royally beautiful; she was quite unconscious of it herself; she had not the faintest idea of her own ideal loveliness.

She sat amongst the crowd, wondering at the sea of faces, wondering, too, with all her simple heart, why the people all looked at her. Quite unconscious that such a face had never been seen in Elmsthorpe before, she thought that all this attention was paid to her because she was the daughter of a genius, of a true musician.

What a kind world it was; how good of these people to recognize her for her father's sake, even to admire her for it—how kind and generous. She did not know that her refined and high-bred face, with its exquisite beauty, shone in that room as a bright star shines in the sky.

There was a great sensation amongst the ladies of Hillsdale. Who was this lovely young girl who looked like some rare plant, some delicate, dainty flower? The daughter of Cyril Nairne, the genius, the musician whom they had all looked upon with good-natured pity. No one in Elmsthorpe and very few in Inisfall knew that he had such a beautiful daughter.

Lady Desmond was captured with her. She had no sons, no young brothers. It was all very well for her—she could please herself, said Mrs. Major White who rejoiced in four stalwart sons, who were known to be always on the lookout for new and pretty faces. Mrs. Major White shuddered when she thought of what might happen.

"I have never seen a face like that in my life," said Lady Desmond to her husband; "I must know that girl and bring her out."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Where the Pistol Plays its Part.

"Several years ago, down in Paris, Ky.," said Mayor Harrison, "there was a man named Roger Hanson, a well-known politician, playing poker with Sam Stamps. On one of the deals they each got pretty good hands, and kept raising the pot. Finally Stamps laid down a \$500 bill. Hanson felt around in his pockets, but, not having the money, said: 'Wait a moment and I'll go out and come back and cover that bet.'"

"As he moved toward the door Stamps thought he had thrown up the pot and proceeded to rake it in. Quick as a flash Hanson drew his pistol and fired point blank at Stamps' head. The ball struck the man's forehead, and glancing up under the skin, made a complete part of the hair, coming out back of the head. Springing to his feet Stamps caught Hanson by the throat, for a minute shook him as a terrier would a rat. Then he said: 'My son, I would not hurt a hair of your father's son's head.'"—Chicago Herald.

Maspero, the Egyptologist, has completely cleared away the front of the old sphinx at Ghizeh.

Cincinnati will be 100 years old next year, and she wants both national conventions to celebrate her centennial.

Everybody else may strike if the dress-makers will only hold on, is the feminine edict in regard to the labor situation.

Stephen W. Dorsey has temporarily deserted London, for the purpose of peeping at the sights that Paris has to show.

The walls of Antioch, alternately besieged and defended by the Crusaders, are being demolished for building materials.

A returned missionary at San Francisco predicts that Japan will accept Christianity as its national faith by the close of this century.

Snow is 16 feet deep in the vicinity of Idaho City.

Mrs. W. D. Howells says her husband writes as a man saws wood.

Senator-elect Reagan of Texas, will be 60 years old next October.

Theodore Roosevelt and bride have taken a house in Washington.

Bermuda is having a bigger run as a winter resort than ever before.

A wild deer was captured in the streets of San Rafael, Cal., a few days ago.

Los Angeles county, Cal., is larger than Rhode Island and Delaware combined.

Boys under 16 years of age can no longer buy tobacco at Grass Valley, Cal.

Mrs. M. Frike of Mayfield, Cal., was bitten by a tarantula and died in six hours.

Buffalo Bill is to take some society youths on a hunting expedition in the west.

The three bull fights in Paris have produced the gross receipts of \$205,000 francs.

A resident of Chester, Ill., has a pet crow that talks quite as well as any parrot.

Cheyenne, Wyo., has a \$10,000 saloon, which it claims is the finest in the west.

The death of two New York slims during the past week is ascribed by physicians to the excessive use of cigarettes.

A man in Brussels has been arrested for cutting and slashing women's coats and wraps in the streets "for fun."

A Miraculous Escape from the Grave.

I have been in poor health with a diseased stomach and liver, causing a cankered mouth continually for ten years. I kept about my house until a year ago last June. For three years prior to that time I had a severe pain in the region of my heart, at times seeming past endurance. It affected my shoulder, took all strength from my arm; could get no relief only by poulticing. My stomach being so diseased, my food caused me great distress. My age also seemed to be in the way of my recovery, and not the least of my sickness. I employed the very best medical assistance I could get while in Caro, this state, but little encouragement could I get. Was moved to Vassar Oct. 1, 1885, on a bed, giving me every ten minutes a teaspoonful of brandy and ice with only a teaspoonful of nourishment at a time. I commenced bloating soon after arriving here, every appearance of dropsy. We called our Caro physician to come here, and he said my condition was worse than when in Caro. On the 27th day of May last we called a council of doctors from Vassar, "three in number." All of them pronounced my case incurable. I had with the rest inflammation of the bowels, and I lay almost lifeless, and one of the leading physicians said if I could be restored to a sane mind again it would be all my husband might expect, and anything that would soothe me was all that could be done. My husband got me some medicine at Johnson & Williamson's, druggists at Vassar, and commenced giving it to me, and in three weeks' time they began to put me in an easy chair, "for a short time each day," at which time I had no use of my lower limbs and my back was numb; it was a little more than two months before I could walk without crutches. I am now a well woman, have walked one and a half miles within a month, can eat all kinds of food and enjoy it, have gained from 83 pounds, since last May, to 116 now, could say more of sickness, but delicacy prevents. I want to say to my friends that Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plasters are the medicines that cured me. I used four plasters with the first five bottles; have used ten bottles in all and am well. If any one who reads this has any doubt as to the authenticity of my statement, it will afford me pleasure to refer them to my neighbors all about here, as they are all astonished at my recovery. It is a great family remedy.

Very truly,
MRS. CHESTER GAGE.

Vassar, Mich., Oct. 11, 1886.

This is to certify that I have known Mrs. Gage since she came to Vassar, and know the facts set forth in her statement above to be true.

Very truly,
GEO. E. WILLIAMSON,
Of the firm of Johnson & Williamson,
druggists, Vassar, Mich.

J. K. Delbridge, Conductor on the Chicago & West Michigan Railroad, Becomes Heir to a Large Fortune.

I have suffered more than language can express with sciatic rheumatism for twelve years, and have expended hundreds of dollars for medicines. I have never found anything that has done me as much good as Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and plasters. They are truly a rheumatic specific, and I take great pleasure in recommending them to my friends.

Yours truly,
J. K. DELBRIDGE,
23 Pleasant street,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

Ninety per cent of the travelers to eastern points from Butte, M. T., purchase second-class tickets.

Prompt in Action but Not Burning from Red Pepper. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

There are 51 active volcanoes in Japan. This accounts for the multitude of hot springs in that country.

Are You Making Money?

There is no reason why you should not make large sums of money if you are able to work. All you need is the right kind of employment or business. Write to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and they will send you free, full information about work that you can do and live at home, wherever you are located, earning from \$5 to \$25 per day and upward. Capital not required; you are started. Either sex; all ages. Better not d-

George W. Childs is now per-

his physician to spend owned a tin shop other day in his office.

Unavailable for R. S. Armstrong's Of female weakness he will be pleased to

ends and customers and as New Haven N. J. as will please favor him \$2,000 a nip

Wash. J. patronage. Eave-troughing can lie. J. J. a specialty.

B- 32

Adolphe Houssaye writes from Paris that Alboni, at 62, is singing grandly as ever.

It is again reported that Mrs. Langtry will marry her devoted admirer in June next.

A single fact is worth a shipload of argument. This may well be applied to St. Jacobs Oil, which is more efficacious than all other liniments. Mr. John Gregg, a well known citizen of Watsonville, California, found it to be indispensable as a cure for rheumatism. Price, fifty cents.

John Manning, keeper of the Montezuma hotel at Niagara Falls, is a brother of Secretary Manning.

Lord Tennyson's eyesight is failing him to such an extent as to cause serious alarm among his friends.

A diamond weighing a carat and a half was recently found in a gravel mine in California.

Mrs. Gladstone has consented to become "lady president" of the new liberal league.

An ounce of discretion is better than a pound of knowledge. Why not spend twenty-five cents for a bottle of Red Star Cough Cure, and save a large doctor's bill?

The latest London beauties are Miss Edith Chester and Mrs. Blanche Horlock, actresses.

In Nuevo Leon, Mexico, a woman recently gave birth to five children, three boys and two girls.

Men look slowly with run-over heels. Lyon's Heel Stiffeners keep boots straight; 50c. a pair.

The Chief Signal officer has decided to establish a station in Alaska.

Bronchitis is cured by frequent small doses of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

A Carlisle dog committed suicide by pushing his head under a gate and choking to death.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in their various forms also as a preventive against Fever and Ague, and other intermittent Fevers, the "FERRO-CHLORIDE ELIXIR OF CALIFORNIA," made by Casswell Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from Fever or other illness, it has no equal.

The statue of Gen. Burnside at Providence, R. I., is finished, and will be publicly unveiled in the spring.

Some Folks

have much difficulty in swallowing the huge, old-fashioned pill, but anyone can take Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," which are composed of highly concentrated vegetable extracts. For diseases of the liver and stomach, sick and bilious headache, etc., they have no equal. Their operation is attended with no discomfort whatever. They are sugar-coated and put up in glass vials.

Former friends of Lord Colin Campbell are said to become very near-sighted when he looks up in London.

It is a Fact

well established that consumption if attended to in its first stages can be cured. There is, however, no true and rational way to cure this disease, which is really a scrofulous ulceration of the lungs, except through purifying the blood. Keep the liver in perfect order and pure blood will be the result. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," a purely vegetable compound, does all this and more; while it purifies the blood it also builds up the system, strengthening it against future attacks of disease. Ask for Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Take no other. Of druggists.

Rosa Bonheur has longed for a wild horse. One that was lately captured in the west has been shipped to her.

Decline of Man.

Mental or organic weakness, nervous debility and kindred delicate diseases, however induced, speedily and permanently cured. For large, illustrated book of particulars enclose 10 cents in stamps and address World's Dispensary Medical Association, 633 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mr. Labouchere declares that its costs the British people \$2,500 a year to feed the pheasants in the royal parks.

UNTIMELY DEATH.

Tears of Sorrow Turned to Smiles of Rejoicing.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 31, 1886.

PARDEE MEDICINE CO.—GENTLEMEN: I am now seventy-three years old, and until I was seventy I was always strong and healthy; but the amount of suffering I have endured since that time, I feel to be sufficient for a life-time. I had a severe attack of sciatic rheumatism, which completely prostrated me; my limbs and feet and in fact my whole body, was so drawn out of shape that it was impossible to move without assistance. I was unable to straighten my limbs or to step on my feet for more than a year and my life was despaired of. Children and friends were called in to see me die. I was treated by three good physicians, and they and my friends did all they could to relieve my suffering—but with no avail. My hips were blistered, and my limbs rubbed, bled and bandaged, but nothing they could do afforded me even temporary relief. Tongue cannot describe my suffering. I urged them to let me try Dr. Pardee's Remedy, as I had read so much about it and of those who had been cured by its use, that it gave me confidence in it, although I could not have little or no faith in so-called medicines.

I commenced using the Remedy, and after taking it a couple of days it was helping. I felt as if I could perspire freely, and as Dr. Pardee, also increased the pain deepening and bedding was cause in Chelsea or ing nearly as "yell" taken the Remedy in exchange for excellent food like on red land. The land is healthy. Thank God, I am now situated in the pre-wheat growing region of Michigan. The winters are less severe to endure than in Washtenaw county, the air being dryer (no asthma or hay fever there). The country is protected from the winds. The ground rarely freezes. Good and ready employment in timber in the winter, at \$36.00 and found, to \$52.00 per month. For further particulars call at Chelsea Savings Bank. GEO. P. GLAZIER.

They have had a rousing amendment meeting in University Hall; attended by the faculty and students. A thousand people were present. The meeting was addressed by professors, students, and citizens. The conclusion reached was that the prohibition sentiment is strong both among students and faculty.

The North Lake lyceum had this question for discussion: "Resolved, that a striker is justified in striking." That depends. If the striker happens to be the fellow with a club looking "for the editor who wrote that item," then the negative should win, but if the striker is the editor himself and lays out the other fellow when the affirmative should triumph unanimously.—Courier.

The meeting of the Schoolmasters' Club, held in Ann Arbor, a week ago last Saturday, is said to have been a most successful and profitable occasion. More than 100 teachers were present, and papers by Prof. B. L. D'Ooge of the State Normal, Prof. H. G. Sherrard of Detroit and Prof. H. N. Chute of Ann Arbor, were read and discussed.

Mr. A. L. Vogel, recently of Lansing, is to take charge of the drug department for C. E. DePay during his absence.—Sun. Not so Bro. Eldart. Mr. Vogel is from no other place than Chelsea. He was examined at Lansing by the State Board of pharmacy, and passed a fine examination on the first trial, but he belongs to Chelsea. You cannot rob Chelsea of her laurels; she is too good of them to permit it.

The Washtenaw board of supervisors is making a move demanding that the legislature reduce the rates of legal advertising. Gentlemen of the ill driving fraternity of Ann Arbor, and everyone in the state for that matter, now is the time to distinguish yourselves as kickers, and let be a united and successful kick, that this body of penny-wise men will never forget.—South Lyon.

The Dexter Leader refers to the case as "the most benighted people of the globe." If the writer of the sentence will come down to Ann Arbor, look through the Chicago collection and see the skill displayed in many of the beautiful and all things there to be seen, he possibly change his mind. The case are far from being an ignorant or benighted people. They are all of us "civilized" folks in some ways, are intellectual also though not progressive.—Courier.

Mr. Wagner, who has done a successful business in this city for the forty years, will retire March 1st, succeeded by his son, C. W. Wagner under the firm name of Wagner & Co. Mr. Wagner Jr., has brought up in the business of his father, and we predict for the same success which attended the other for so long a period of years.—Register.

There have been made at Louisville, Ky., of a new and not expensive process for hardening and tempering steel, by which hardness and strength are carried forward in combination. A drill made of the new material, in forty minutes, a steel plate warranted to resist a sharp drill for twelve hours. The knife tempered by the process of a steel key readily cut the same blade the inventor cut the hairs on his arm. The new process is a young blacksmith. He is a new process for converting steel into steel at small expense.

Mr. Hobson, the University dermatist, has invented a very ingenious perch for birds. It allows for the bird to utilize space to mount, without obstructing the view. Some years ago he invented and patented a bird's egg protector, which is a marvel for simplicity and safety. He is an enthusiast in his work and puts up his specimens with great skill, and moth proof.—Register.

As it is figured, Europe must now have on hand about 14,000,000 mobilized troops. Germany, including all the reserves, has between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000; France has about the same available number; Italy could put 2,000,000 in the field; Austro-Hungary, 1,077,000; Turkey about 800,000 and Russia probably 6,000,000. What an enormous drain of money the maintenance of these armies necessitates, the countries named best know. But so long as one of the powers continues to keep up its great standing army none of the others will dare to do less.

Ann Arbor is moving right earnestly in the prohibitory amendment question. A mass meeting was held in University Hall last Friday evening, and addressed by several of the professors, among whom were Dr. Prescott and Dr. Palmer.

Lyceum No. 2 has been organized in the Ann Arbor High School, respecting which the Register has the following:

This organization differs from the old lyceum, in that its number of members is placed at twenty. Ten gentlemen and ten ladies. At the first evening the following officers were elected: Mr. J. C. Cutler, President; Miss Harwood, vice president; Miss Cramer, secretary; Mr. Randall treasurer; and the program committee, Mr. Walker and Miss Childs. After the election of officers, they gave the society the name Chi Tau, and the motto, the golden eye. If the two lyceums join together in debate there will probably be some lively times, and a great deal of truth may be the result.

Clark Cornwell, of Ypsilanti, sent to the county clerk last week an oath of office as notary public with no signature to the jurat. Deputy Clerk Robison called him by telephone, and had him raise his right hand, administered the oath and completed the papers. Great is the telephone.—Courier.

Free Trade.

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefited the consumers, as well as relieved the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with Green's August Flower and Boschee's German Syrup, as the reduction of 30 cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby the August Flower for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the German Syrup for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of the bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size.

What True Merit Will Do.

The unprecedented sale of Boschee's German Syrup within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung Troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by Physicians, as it does not try to kill a Cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the cause of the trouble, heals the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when these diseases make their appearance, will save doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price 75 cents for large bottles.

STON GARDNER
Town Hall,
Monday evening,
March 14th.

A Merchant's Opinion.
Mr. B. F. Nourse, General Western Agent Royal Baking Powder Co., writes: "I have never found so great results from physicians' prescriptions and attendance upon our children, as I have after a few days' use of Papillon (extract of flax) Skin Care. I cannot describe to you medically what I have done for us, but can say that years of treatment have not accomplished what Papillon has done after a few applications. Large bottles only \$1.00, at Glazier, DePay & Co's."

The reason why Acker's Blood Elixir is warranted, is because it is the best Blood Preparation known. It will positively cure all Blood Diseases, purifies the whole system, and thoroughly builds up the constitution. Remember, we guarantee it.
R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Business College
Chas. J. Clear
School of Penmanship and Shorthand Institute
Ypsilanti, Mich.
Offers unequalled advantages for preparing Young and Middle Aged Men and Women to fill Important and Lucrative places in life. Superior system of Actual Business. No vacations. Large attendance. NINE teachers. Good board with well furnished room, \$2.00 to \$3.12 per week. Now is a desirable time to enter. Call or write for Circulars. **P. R. CLEARY**, Principal.

Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette R. R.
"The Mackinac Short Line."
Only direct route between the East and South and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan.

WEST.		TIME TABLE.		EAST.	
Read down.				Read up.	
ACC.	EXS.			EXS.	ACC.
	P.M. 5:40	[Arr.]	[Dep.]	P.M. 11:10	
A.M. 7:00	A.M. 6:50	[Arr.]	[Dep.]	P.M. 5:55	
7:37	7:27	St. Ignace	1:30	5:05	
7:42	7:16	Allen	1:05	5:00	
8:15	7:35	Moran	8:01	5:00	
8:28	7:48	Palms	7:41	4:15	
8:48	7:48	Ozark	7:34	4:00	
9:15	8:48	Trout Lake	3:45		
9:45	9:15	Hendrie	3:05		
10:25	9:55	Sage	2:35		
11:00	10:30	Newberry	6:21	2:05	
11:25	10:55	Dollarville	6:14	1:45	
12:20	11:50	McMillan	6:00	1:15	
12:55	12:25	Seney	5:15	12:35	
1:07	1:00	Driggs	11:50		
1:30	1:20	Walsh	4:49	11:40	
1:57	1:47	Creighton	11:20		
2:10	2:00	Jeromeville	10:40		
2:30	2:20	Reedsboro	4:15		
2:30	2:20	Gibbs	10:25		
2:30	2:20	Manistig	3:58	10:00	
2:30	2:20	Au Train	3:25	9:05	
2:30	2:20	Rock River	3:17	8:45	
2:30	2:20	Onota	3:08	8:25	
2:30	2:20	Deerton	3:00	8:15	
2:30	2:20	Sand River	2:50	8:00	
2:30	2:20	Chocoma	2:40	7:20	
2:30	2:20	Marquette	2:15	7:00	
		[Arr.]	[Dep.]		
P.M. 12:50	P.M. 12:40	[Arr.]	[Dep.]	P.M. 3:00	
1:40	1:30	Marquette	1:25		
1:55	1:45	Negaunee	1:15		
2:10	2:00	Ishpeming	12:55		
2:25	2:15	Repebelle	11:50		
2:40	2:30	Michigan	11:50		
2:50	2:40	L'Anse	10:40		
3:00	2:50	Houghton	9:20		
3:10	3:00	Hancock	9:01		
3:25	3:15	Calumet	8:15		
		[Arr.]	[Dep.]		

Mixed train leaves St. Ignace at 7:00 a. m., arrives Marquette 5:30 p. m.; leaves Marquette 7:00 a. m., arrives St. Ignace 5:55 p. m.

CONNECTIONS.—(1) Via M. T. Co.'s boats, with Michigan Central and Grand Rapids & Indiana railroads, and with the elegant sidewheel steamers of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation company for Detroit, Cleveland and all points in the east, southeast and south. The boats of this line leave St. Ignace Monday and Wednesday mornings, Thursdays and Saturday nights. (2) With boat lines for Sault Ste. Marie, Chicago, Milwaukee and all shore points. (3) With M. H. & O. railroad for Houghton, Hancock, Calumet, etc., and points on Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Standard—Central time. *Daily. *Daily, except Sunday. *Daily, except Saturday.

A. WATSON, - E. W. ALLEN,
Gen'l Supt. Tkt Agt.

Job Work
We have now in stock a good assortment of news and job paper, card board, Bristol board, calling cards, business cards, letter heads, note heads, bill heads, statements, shipping tags, etc., etc., also a skillful and experienced practical printer, whom we expect to keep.

Subscribe for THE HERALD.

Don't Fail to Try It.
J. C. Barrows, Kalamazoo, Mich., writes: "For more than five years, a member of my family has been afflicted with Hay Fever, culminating late in the fall in a hacking cough. Every remedy proved futile. Not half a bottle of Papillon (extract of flax) Catarrh Cure had been used before the cough entirely disappeared, and general relief followed. It is simply wonderful. Large bottles only \$1.00, for sale by Glazier, DePay & Co."

Renews her youth.
Mrs. Phoebe Chesley, Peterson, Clay Co., Iowa, tells the following remarkable story, the truth of which is vouched for by the residents of the town: "I am seventy three years old, have been troubled with kidney complaint and lameness for many years; could not dress myself without help. Now I am free from all pain and soreness, and am able to do all my own housework. I owe my thanks to Electric Bitters for having renewed my youth, and removed completely all disease and pain."

Try a bottle, only 50 cents at R. S. Armstrong's Drug Store.

Thousands of cases of Consumption are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy. It is a guaranteed preparation; if it does not help you it will cost you nothing. Try it. A single dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cents.
R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

A Gift For All.
In order to give all a chance to test it, and thus be convinced of its wonderful curative powers, Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds will be, for a limited time, given away. This offer is not only liberal, but shows unlimited faith in the merits of this great remedy. All who suffer from Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, or any affection of Throat, Chest, or Lungs, are especially requested to call at R. S. Armstrong's Drug Store, and get a Trial Bottle free, large bottle \$1.

A Warning.
Pain is given for the wise purpose of informing us of the presence of danger and disease. A little excitement of an unusual nature disturbs the balance of the system, the nervous energies are exhausted and headache and a hundred other disturbances are the result. Many of the miseries of modern man and womanhood might be cured and prevented were their approach heeded and resisted, having their origin in derangements of the liver and blood, dyspepsia, jaundice, indigestion, costiveness and other unwholesome conditions. Evils of a diseased nature find a certain cure by the use of Golden Seal Bitters. In this medicine, nature, aided by art, has produced a rare combination of medicinal properties, wisely adapted to the cure of diseases common to mankind. The vitalizing principles embodied in Golden Seal Bitters will assuredly cure the broken down dyspeptic. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, 52.

If you would enjoy your dinner and are prevented by Dyspepsia, use Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. They are a positive cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. We guarantee them, 25 and 50 cents.
R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

For 25 Cents
Get Kemp's Liver Pills for Torpid Liver or Constipation, for the Complexion 15 April 1 year. R. S. ARMSTRONG.

Dr. Fete's Magic Pain Oil is
Good for both internal and external pain. Good for sprains, black and blue bruises, and swollen joints.
Good for wounds made by knives, scissors, and implements of destruction.
Good for Neuralgia's twinges and Rheumatism's horrible torture. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, 59.

The Homeliest Man
In Chelsea as well as the handsomest and others call at our store and get free, a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It cures acute and chronic coughs. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. 15 April 1 year. R. S. ARMSTRONG.

Don't trifle with any Throat or Lung Disease. If you have a Cough or Cold, or the children are threatened with Croup or Whooping Cough, use Acker's English Remedy and prevent further trouble. It is a positive cure, and we guarantee it. Price 10 and 50c.
R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for Cut, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by R. S. Armstrong.

We are Positive
That Kemp's Sarsaparilla will cleanse and purify the blood and tone up the system. We have the confidence to guarantee it. Price \$1.00 per bottle. 15 April 1 year. R. S. ARMSTRONG.

Broken Down Invalids.
Probably never in the history of medicine has any article met equal to that which has been upon Dr. Fete's 25 cent Coughed a tin shop Thousands of hopeless cases R. S. Armstrong's Coughs, and consumption he will be pleased to this truly miraculous reason we feel warranted and customers as reputation and moans as will please favor him by R. S. Armstrong's patronage. Have-toughing coughing a specialty. 52.

LEGAL.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 16 day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty seven.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Martin E. Wellman.

Elijah H. Keyes executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Saturday, the 19th day March, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause if any there be, why said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said executor give notice of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
Judge of Probate.
Wm. G. Doty, Probate Register. 27

Mortgage Sale.
Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made by Cyril Ferman and Edna A. Ferman of Milan village, Michigan, to Sarah L. Simmons of the same place, dated August 31st, A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, on September 6th, A. D. 1885, in Liber 68 of Mortgages, on page 334, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of two hundred and twenty-one dollars and twenty-six cents, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the monies secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that, on Monday, the 28th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the north door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor (that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is holden), the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with seven percent interest, also an attorney fee of fifteen dollars and all other legal costs and expenses covenanted for therein, the premises being described in said mortgage as "All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the Village of Milan in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan," and described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered thirty-five (35) of Wilson and Warner's addition to said Village of Milan.

Dated February 21, 1887.

SARAH L. SIMMONS,
William H. Talbot, Mortgagee.
Attorney for Mortgagee. 27.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 4th day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, William D. Harriman Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jehiel White, deceased.

Charles E. Kempt, the administrator of said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such Administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the first day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered, that said Administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
Judge of Probate.
Wm. G. Doty, Probate Register. 28

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

ARM NEAR
Lockbridge, also
house in Chelsea or
exchange for excel-
lent land. The land is
favorably situated in the pre-
mier wheat growing region of
Michigan. The winters are less
severe to endure than in Washtenaw
county, the air being dryer (no
asthma or hay fever there). The
country is protected from the winds.
The ground rarely freezes. Good
and ready employment in timber in
the winter, at \$26.00 and found,
to \$52.00 per month. For further
particulars call at Chelsea Savings
Bank. GEO. P. GLAZIER.

In an article in the March Century, Mr. James B. Boyle, the editor of "The Iron Age," suggests the institution of "shop councils," in which employer and employee are to be equally represented—the decisions not to be binding on either party unless approved by both and all functions to be purely conciliatory. As a means of eliminating something of the element of secrecy from the relations of the two parties, of keeping petty matters out of secret discussion and decision, it seems all that can be desired. It is the antipode of compulsory arbitration; and it avoids that suspicion which often attaches even to voluntary arbitration. It is rather symptomatic than remedial, just as a general disuse of the pistol pocket would be an excellent accessory to a law against steel-combats. It is a modest proposition; but even in the din of high-sounding schemes and associations, is it too much to hope for a fair trial of it somewhere?

People who have been in the habit of doing all their traveling with railroad "passes" may be interested in knowing that the inter-state commerce bill only inferentially permits giving reduced rates to ministers of religion, but clearly forbids reduced rates or free transportation to any other class in which would be included the following: "Theatrical companies, base ball players, bicyclists, theatrical advance agents, students, laborers, lumbermen, Indians, United States officers and soldiers or their families, inmates of national homes of disabled volunteer soldiers, city police, members of the press (as courtesies), hotel employees, freight shippers, charity cases, dumb or blind people, temperance workers, etc.

A Washington correspondent of the Chicago News interviewed Senator Palmer on the effect which the inter-state commerce bill would have on railroad passes. Said the Senator: "Tell your railroad friend that I don't concern myself about any such matters. I don't travel on passes. I haven't been on a pass since I read Emerson's poem, 'Brahma.' That was many years ago, but I was so disgusted with the pass business that I quit then for good." When I asked what that had to do with it he told me to get the poem. I hunted it up and found this as the first stanza:

"The slayer thinks he slays,
The slain thinks he is slain,
They know not well the subtle ways,
But pass and turn and pass again."

There was great rejoicing at Gloucester, Mass., over the passage and signing of Edmond's retaliation bill. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were effigies marked "Spy" and "Sir John Macdonald." Everybody was wild with excitement, and the like had not been seen there for years.

David Meredith of Rich Valley, Ind., who has always supposed that he was a full blooded Hoosier, recently discovered that he had Cherokee Indian blood in his veins. He at once applied for the annuities and privileges accorded members of his tribe, and has just returned from a trip to Vinita, I. T., where he selected a liberal slice of choice lands, and he has received a patent for the property from United States Commissioner Aikins.

Being prepared by the attorneys You Te, the case contains 426 dense, faded, great length on the mer roses; Toudence of many Pretty Louise; I traditions of Shall Marry; Dream; Cottage Clock; Across the evil Bachelor's Hall; Ruth and Edmond; One Happy Year Ago; Jennie and Charles; The Old Barn Gate; Jack; Polly; Whisper in the Twilight. A very fine collection of real vocal songs how he has suffered in respect to his property, business, trade, profession, or nation, and no other damages.

Almost miraculous are some of the cures accomplished by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In the case of R. L. King, Richmond, Va., who suffered for 47 years with an aggravated form of scrofula, Ayer's Sarsaparilla effected astonishing results.

THE SUPPORT OF THE STATE.

Michigan Railroad Pay One-Third of Our Taxes.

General Epitome of Lending News.

LANSING, March 7, 1887.

Senator Crosby has compiled a table showing the amount of special taxes for 1886 that will go into the state treasury. From this table it is seen that the corporate monopolies, which are usually supposed to pay next to nothing toward the support of the state, really contribute something:

River improvement companies	\$931.77
Railroads	619,369.30
Insurance companies	125,489.01
Bank roads	1,538.79
Express companies	2,400.31
Telephone and telegraph companies	13,373.68
Mining companies	47,565.17
Freight, sleeping and palace car companies	1,857.82
Total	\$812,711.75

The amount assessed on the real and personal property for 1885 was \$1,302,161.67. It will thus be seen that the railroads alone pay more than one third of the tax on the cost of running the state of Michigan. Representative Makin has a bill before the committee on state affairs, which increases the rate to be paid by express companies to three per cent. on their gross earnings, instead of the one per cent. that is now paid. The taxation of the mining companies seems small as compared with their wealth.

The senate has passed the bill to confine damages in libel suits to actual damages, and excluding exemplary damages.

Gov. Luce has approved the following bills: To make an appropriation for the deficiency for constructing and furnishing an asylum for insane criminals; and to prevent the taking of promissory notes in payment for cereals at fictitious values.

Of the bills urged by the state newspaper men, the committee on printing has reported favorably the one to compel the boards of supervisors to publish in a county newspaper at the end of each session a full report of their proceedings; and also the one to compel the publication in one or more papers of each county the terms and places of holding circuit courts. As the law now stands supervisors' proceedings are published once a year, in pamphlet form, and terms of court are announced in one paper in the circuit only.

The governor pardons Lewis Orth and William Jones, who were sent from Mackinac county, Feb. 24, 1886, to Ionia for four and three and a half years, respectively, for robbery.

Under the recent order of the state military board requiring all regiments to elect new officers for terms of not less than one or more than three years, elections will be held March 20, as follows: The first regiment at Jackson, the second at Grand Rapids and the third at East Saginaw; the fourth has already elected officers.

The house in committee of the whole has agreed to the bill for the purchase of 150 acres of land for the Pontiac insane asylum and the appropriation of \$30,000 for the erection of two buildings for the care of patients of a quiet class who can be accommodated outside of the present building.

Resolutions eulogistic of the late Edward Breitung of Negaunee have been adopted by both houses.

Mr. Anderson's bill to regulate railroads fixes freight rates on carloads of 20,000 pounds at \$1 for distances not exceeding ten miles, nor more than twenty-five cents per mile for the second ten miles, nor more than fifteen cents per mile for the third ten miles, and for distances exceeding thirty miles the charge is in no case to exceed one and one-half cents per ton a mile. For distances less than thirty miles, the railroad shall be entitled to terminal charges of \$2 a car, and for all distances over thirty miles, and less than sixty miles, \$1 a car.

The bill that no final judgment of the supreme court shall be received or reversed on writ of error by the supreme court where the matter in dispute exclusive of costs is less than \$200 unless ordered by a justice of the supreme court, has been adversely reported.

Miss Frances E. Willard was the first speaker at the hearing before the senate committee on judiciary and the house committee on elections, sitting jointly to consider the bill to grant municipal suffrage to women. Miss Willard appeared in advocacy of this bill and incidentally of all measures proposed for the protection of girls and for extending the sphere of woman's activity in the community. Mrs. Mary L. Doe of Bay City, president of the state suffrage association, spoke of the essential differences between municipal and general suffrage and urged that the experiment proposed might be safely tried, as, if it was not a success, the law could be easily repealed. Mrs. Mary S. Nash of Bay City, after a few preliminary remarks, in which wit and earnest purpose were blended, read a paper arguing that where women are taxed they should certainly be represented in that class of elections which most closely affect taxation; Mrs. Helen P. Jenkins of Detroit read an exceedingly bright and earnest paper urging the expediency of this movement; Mrs. R. N. Kellogg of Ionia, Mrs. Ketcham of Grand Rapids, Mrs. Haggett of Adrian and Mrs. Wilson of Ionia followed in effective arguments on the same subject. An ex-member of the house who heard the woman suffrage arguments before the United States Senate committee last winter, and who also sat through the hearing in Lansing, says that, in clearness and force, the speaking and papers here surpassed those presented by the members of the national association in Washington.

The senate has passed the bill, which has already passed the house, amending the libel law of 1885. The amended section, 3, now reads as follows: "The words 'actual damage' in this act shall be construed to include all damages the plaintiff may show he has suffered in respect to his property, business, trade, profession, or nation, and no other damages."

The committee on appropriations has prepared a statement of the receipts and disbursements for the past year. It shows the following figures:

Land, land, companies	\$31 77
Instructions	619,369 30
The plaque	125,489 01
more than the	1,538 79
To every lady order	2,400 31
clothes the address of	13,373 68
rested in art matters, to who	47,565 17
new catalogue of art goods	1,857 82
close extra and without charge	
ful 80 inch, gold tinted plaque.	

Address, THE EMPIRE NEWS, SYRACUSE, N. Y.

en of proof as to the purpose for which deadly weapons are carried, and of a complaint. The amendment provides that no conviction shall be had under this act when it is shown that the person carrying the dangerous weapon carries it for the defense of his person or of the state.

The senate has confirmed the appointment of Michael Brown of Big Rapids, and James A. Crozier of Menominee, to be trustees of the soldiers' home at Grand Rapids, for six years, and Russell A. Alger of Detroit, for two years to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Byron E. Pierce.

Wm. G. Beard, "Michigan member of the national committee of the union labor party," has issued a call for a mass convention to be held in Lansing, March 15 to nominate Justices of the supreme court and regents of the university. Mr. Beard, speaking of the Cincinnati party and its viting a full attendance, says: "This is the grand opportunity for the producer and consumer to crystallize into a new party. The farmers are interested in the success and good pay of the laborer, for they are the great consumers of the country. This new party came into existence to make the Declaration of Independence a reality instead of a hollow mockery; therefore let all who believe in liberty and justice do their duty before it is too late."

The senate has passed the house bill making an appropriation for a deficiency in the fund for constructing an asylum for insane criminals, having added a tax clause in which the house concurred, and the bill goes to the governor.

The senate after discussing the bill of Senator Palmer requiring civil licenses, to be taken out for marriages and regulating the manner of application for such license and other restrictions to prevent the matrimonial reunion of people not competent by reason of age, the consent of parents, or other disqualifications, agreed to it without amendment. The blanks to be filled out by the applicant require a statement of the full name, age and color, residence, place of birth, occupation, father's name and mother's maiden name of each of the parties to be married; the consent of parents or guardians, if either party is a minor, the number of times parties have been previously married, the bride's maiden name, in case she is a widow, the date, signature, date and place of marriage, names of two witnesses and certification of the clergyman or magistrate officiating.

The following rule, adopted and prescribed by the state military board, has been published by the adjutant-general: "Rule 90. The commissioned officers of each regiment and battalion not already provided therewith shall adopt a code of by-laws for the management of the civil affairs of such organization, and shall provide therein for the time and manner of holding its elections for field officers, and prescribe the term for which they shall be elected, which shall not be less than one nor more than three years. A first election shall be held under said by-laws at the time of their adoption or within thirty days thereafter, and a copy of said by-laws shall be filed with the adjutant-general. A majority of such commissioned officers shall constitute a quorum." For the purpose of effecting compliance with this rule colonels and commanding officers of the First, Second and Third regiments (the Fourth regiment having already complied therewith) will, without delay, order the commissioned officers of their respective regiments to assemble in accordance with a resolution of the military board on Wednesday, the 30th instant, those of the First regiment at Jackson, those of the Second regiment at Grand Rapids and those of the Third regiment at East Saginaw.

The bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors within one mile of the soldiers' home will probably go to a committee of conference, as the senate insists upon its amendment to the bill.

A petition from the upper peninsula asks for an act prohibiting the killing of deer for the market, and also for the appointment of game wardens. It predicts that, under the present methods of destruction, the deer will soon be exterminated, and presents the following facts in confirmation of this prediction: It is the practice for parties of men to start out as soon as the open season has commenced, and continue hunting until it has closed. These men hunt for the market, and ship their deer at some railroad station. In 1885, from a point called Floeter, upon the Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette railroad, 66,340 pounds of venison was sent to market. Many lumber camps employ men to kill deer throughout the winter. It is estimated that at the camps in the neighborhood of Floeter during the season, 14,000 pounds of venison were used in this way. This is but one of many stations upon several railroads in the upper peninsula from which deer is shipped for the market. In addition to professional hunters there are thousands of men who resort to the upper peninsula to hunt for pleasure. This slaughter has been going on for a number of years, so that the last season there was a marked falling off in the number of deer taken—not more than one-half as many being killed as during the year before.

The Bohemian oat bill which passed the house early in the session has also passed the senate. The bill is given immediate effect so as to cut off the spring trade in bogus and high-priced cereals. This bill, which is of great importance to farmers, now goes to the farmer governor for signature.

Gov. Luce sent to the senate the other day the following nominations as members of the board of managers of the Michigan soldiers' home for six years from March 1, 1887: Michael Brown of Big Rapids and James A. Crozier of Menominee to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Bryan R. Pierce, ex-Gov. Russell A. Alger to hold from April 1, 1887, to March 1, 1890.

The house sessions will hereafter commence at 2 o'clock instead of 10. This change is made in order to give the working committees more time to consider bills, and the indolent members more time to sleep in the morning.

The judiciary committee of the senate will have a public hearing on the game warden bill on Friday the 11th inst. Persons interested in this bill which has an important bearing upon the game laws of the state are invited to attend and express their views.

The senate has adopted a resolution calling upon the state military board for a statement in detail of the estimated expenses of the board and of the military department of the state, including printing, for the year 1887-8, and a separate statement in detail of the estimated expenses of the annual encampment for 1887 and 1888.

The joint resolution asking congress to give to the state of Michigan, in trust for the university of Michigan, the government lands within the state, together with other lands as revert to the general government by the forfeiture of land forfeited of its passage in the senate.

Michigan and other gentlemen interested in prize have held a session on the 3d inst. They favor a bill providing that notices of foreclosure of chattel mortgages, etc., shall be published instead of being posted as is often done. They also propose to amend the statutes so that supervisors shall be required to publish their financial statements at the close of every session instead of annually as at present. The advisability of amending the libel law also came in for discussion. Messrs. Thayer & Godfrey of the State Republican gave the press gentlemen a banquet at the Hudson house on the evening.

Representative Breen of Menominee has notified the democratic state central committee that he cannot accept the nomination for regent, tendered him. His reasons are incompatibility with his present duties as representative.

The house has passed the bill providing for the payment of \$100 for killing English sparrows. The terms of the bill allow a bounty of one cent a head for each sparrow killed. The heads of the birds are to be presented in lots of not less than twenty-five to the city, village or town ship clerk who is to issue to the enterprising hunter a certificate for the amount of money due him. The certificates are to be paid by the county treasurer.

One of the longest and liveliest debates of the session in the house occurred on representative Grenell's bill to prohibit corporations from employing aliens who have not declared their intentions. Mr. Watson of Montcalm, Mr. Dieken, W. A. Baker and others opposed the whole policy of the bill, while Mr. Bates, Mr. Grenell, Captain Manly and others advocated its theory if not all its details. The indications were that the bill could not pass in its present shape and it was finally referred to the committees on labor interests and judiciary jointly.

The house in committee of the whole has agreed to the bill to preserve the ballot boxes of the city of Detroit from being opened at the coming spring election or the destruction of the ballots.

The report of Dr. Hurd, medical superintendent of the Pontiac asylum, submitting estimates for the construction of two detached buildings was laid before the house a few days ago. The style of the buildings is plain, the material brick, with field stone foundation and slate roof. The dimensions are 107 by 96, two stories high with cellar and attic. The cost of each building is figured at \$13,000. There is not land enough in connection with the asylum to afford sufficient supplies for the use of the inmates. An adjacent farm of 130 acres can be purchased, and Dr. Hurd recommends that this be done, and estimate the cost of the proposed new buildings and the 130-acre farm at \$26,000.

The joint committees on railroads of the two houses held two sessions the other day. All the leading railroad men of the state appeared and gave their views on pending measures, the automatic coupler bill, the state railroad engineers' bill, the freight tariff regulation bill, and some other minor measures.

The house has passed the bill authorizing the formation of trotting associations and it was immediately signed by the governor, having already passed the senate. The governor has also signed the bills relating to the United States jurisdiction over the site of the postoffice at Bay City; detaching territory from Lakefield, Mackinac county, and organizing the town of Portage; ceding to the United States jurisdiction over the site of the postoffice in East Saginaw; incorporating Bessemer Agogeebe county.

As having a bearing upon the various bills appropriating state swamp lands for different improvements Senator Sharp offered two resolutions the other day which were adopted. The first asks from the commissioner of the state land office a statement showing in what counties are located all state roads and ditches constructed in whole or in part from the proceeds of state swamp lands. The second asks for a list of all such roads and ditches in the state with the total amount expended upon them up to Sept. 30, 1886.

A true love match should not sputter.

Puck: Landmarks—foot-prints in the hall.

Washington Critic: Everything's Lent.

Puck: The key to life's mystery—the monkey.

Texas Siftings: The great American dessert—pie.

We pity a drum major. He always has to face the music.

Harper's Bazar: Truth lies in the bottom of the thermometer.

Washington Critic: Lent is a physical necessity and spiritual convenience.

Whitehall Times: An editor makes an income when he makes his ink hum.

The Judge: The man with the most advice has always the least success.

Boston Commercial Bulletin: The man who struck an attitude has not yet been arrested.

Whitehall Times: Every man huer his way with his own acts, and adz lustre to his character.

Boston Herald: It is an old adage that if you have a bill to pay at Easter, you'll find Lent very short.

Boston Budget: A fireman on a locomotive, no matter how hard-hearted he may be, is still a tender man.

A poet sings about "The Land of the Lyre." We don't know where to locate it since Wiggins was gagged.

A machine has been invented that will sew on buttons as fast as seven girls. We had rather own one than be a Mormon.

It takes the first thirty years of a young man's life to find out that it isn't the man with the shiniest hat who draws the biggest check.

"Can February March?" asked the punster, with a sickly smile. "February not," replied the quiet man; "April May."—Free Press.

A New Hampshire man crawled under the house to overhear what his wife's callers were talking about, and got wedged there. When they called him out his hair was as white as snow. He had been directly under the barrel.

has been cured of rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, sprains, strains, stiffness, etc., by the use of the Athlophoros Ointment. It is a little over a year ago since I was so badly afflicted. The disease was in every nerve and muscle of my body; I was completely prostrated and helpless for four weeks; I could not bear to be touched, as even the weight of a finger would cause the greatest pain, and I was in constant dread of its getting into the heart, in fact it bordered very close to it, and the doctor had very grave doubts as to my getting well. I had taken many different kinds of medicines, but was recommended to try Athlophoros, was positive it would help me. Oh, how sick it made me, and had it not been for the persistent efforts of my husband I don't think I should have continued taking it; but he insisted so strongly that I kept on with it. In about five days I began to improve, and when I had finished taking the bottle I was well. I only took a small dose as the medicine was so strong."

Mrs. D. C. Fickett, Columbus, Wis., says: "It is a little over a year ago since I was so badly afflicted. The disease was in every nerve and muscle of my body; I was completely prostrated and helpless for four weeks; I could not bear to be touched, as even the weight of a finger would cause the greatest pain, and I was in constant dread of its getting into the heart, in fact it bordered very close to it, and the doctor had very grave doubts as to my getting well. I had taken many different kinds of medicines, but was recommended to try Athlophoros, was positive it would help me. Oh, how sick it made me, and had it not been for the persistent efforts of my husband I don't think I should have continued taking it; but he insisted so strongly that I kept on with it. In about five days I began to improve, and when I had finished taking the bottle I was well. I only took a small dose as the medicine was so strong."

Madison, Wisconsin. I have used Athlophoros for rheumatism and I can cheerfully say with the most satisfactory results. GEO. W. HUNTLEY, 66 Pinckney Street.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is \$1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, etc., Athlophoros Pills are unequalled.

Rich, Prairie Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Dr. R. S. Armstrong Drug-Gists, Chelsea, Mich.

FOR MAN AND BEAST! Mexican Mustang Liniment CURES

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| Sciatic, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns, | Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavin, Cracks, | Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Scrow, Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles. |
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THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine. The Lumberman needs it in case of accident. The Housewife needs it for general family use. The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men. The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench. The Miner needs it in case of emergency. The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it. The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard. The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply aboard and ashore. The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance. The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble. The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers. The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer. The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once. Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy. Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages. Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted. We have thousands of testimonials to the fact that



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Will Largely Increase Egg Production. Strengthens Weak and drooping Fowls, Promotes the Healthy Growth and Development of all varieties of Poultry, and ensures Fine Condition and Smooth Plumage.

It will help them through molting wonderfully. It turns out more and more perfect chickens. It saves them.

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Is the result of weakness caused by a lack of proper chemicals in the system. These are supplied by the IMPERIAL Egg Food.

It is no forcing process; you simply give them the chemicals to make eggs at a cost of less than one cent a week for each fowl. Ask for it of your local tradesman; if he does not keep it, write to F. L. STURTEVANT, Manufacturer of Ground Oyster-shell and Sanitary Supplies, Millington, Tenn. or to Geo. H. Moore & Co., Hartford, Conn.

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